### Safety Data Sheet



# DuPont<sup>™</sup> Freon<sup>®</sup> 23 refrigerant

Version 2.0

Revision Date 03/30/2015 Ref. 130000000131

This SDS adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

#### SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : DuPont<sup>™</sup> Freon<sup>®</sup> 23 refrigerant

Tradename/Synonym : Trifluoromethane

R-23 HFC-23

Product Grade/Type : ASHRAE Refrigerant number designation: R-23

Product Use : Refrigerant, For professional users only.

Restrictions on use : Do not use product for anything outside of the above specified uses

Manufacturer/Supplier : DuPont

1007 Market Street Wilmington, DE 19898 United States of America

Product Information : +1-800-441-7515 (outside the U.S. +1-302-774-1000) Medical Emergency : 1-800-441-3637 (outside the U.S. 1-302-774-1139)

Transport Emergency : CHEMTREC: +1-800-424-9300 (outside the U.S. +1-703-527-3887)

### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

Product hazard category

Gases under pressure Liquefied gas



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Label content

Pictogram :



Signal word : Warning

Hazardous warnings : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Hazardous prevention

measures

: Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

### Other hazards

Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may cause death without warning symptoms, due to cardiac effects., Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing., Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite., May cause cardiac arrhythmia.

### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component	CAS-No.	Concentration
Trifluoromethane	75-46-7	100 %

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**



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General advice : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. When symptoms

persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove from exposure, lie down. Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at

rest. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Consult a physician.

Skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Consult a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Treat for frostbite if necessary by

gently warming affected area.

Eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes. Consult a physician if necessary.

Ingestion : Is not considered a potential route of exposure.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute

and delayed

: Anaesthetic effects Light-headedness irregular heartbeat with a strange sensation in the chest, heart thumping, apprehension, feeling of fainting,

dizziness or weakness

Protection of first-aiders : If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective

equipment.

Notes to physician : Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs,

such as epinephrine, that may be used in situations of emergency life support

should be used with special caution.

#### **SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and

the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: No applicable data available.

Specific hazards : Hazardous thermal decomposition products:

Carbon oxides Hydrogen fluoride Carbonyl fluoride



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Cylinders are equipped with pressure and temperature relief devices, but may still rupture under fire conditions. Decomposition may occur. Contact of welding or soldering torch flame with high concentrations of refrigerant can result in visible changes in the size and colour of the torch flame. This flame effect will only occur in concentrations of product well above the recommended exposure limit. Therefore stop all work and ventilate to disperse refrigerant vapors from the work area before using any open flames. This substance is not flammable in air at temperatures up to 100 deg. C (212 deg. F) at atmospheric pressure. However, mixtures of this substance with high concentrations of air at elevated pressure and/or temperature can become combustible in the presence of an ignition source. This substance can also become combustible in an oxygen enriched environment (oxygen concentrations greater than that in air). Whether a mixture containing this substance and air, or this substance in an oxygen enriched atmosphere become combustible depends on the inter-relationship of 1) the temperature 2) the pressure, and 3) the proportion of oxygen in the mixture. In general, this substance should not be allowed to exist with air above atmospheric pressure or at high temperatures; or in an oxygen enriched environment. For example this substance should NOT be mixed with air under pressure for leak testing or other purposes. Experimental data have also been reported which indicate combustibility of this substance in the presence of certain concentrations of chlorine.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information : Cool containers/tanks with water spray.

Water runoff should be contained and neutralized prior to release.

#### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Safeguards (Personnel) : Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed

places where heavy vapours might collect.

Environmental precautions

ns : No applicable data available.

Spill Cleanup : There are no special clean-up or disposal requirements for

household/industrial spills of this product.



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Accidental Release Measures : Avoid open flames and high temperatures. Self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) is required if a large release occurs.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Handling (Personnel) : Avoid breathing high concentrations of vapour. Avoid contact of liquid with

eyes and prolonged skin exposure. Use sufficient ventilation to keep employee exposure below recommended limits. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. For personal protection see section

)

Handling (Physical Aspects) : Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Contact with

chlorine or other strong oxidizing agents should also be avoided.

Dust explosion class : Not applicable

Storage : Valve protection caps and valve outlet threaded plugs must remain in place

unless container is secured with valve outlet piped to use point. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder to lower pressure (<3000 psig) piping or systems. Never attempt to lift cylinder by its cap. Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous back flow into the cylinder. Cylinders should be stored upright and firmly secured to

prevent falling or being knocked over.

Separate full containers from empty containers. Keep at temperature not exceeding 52°C. Do not store near combustible materials. Avoid area where

salt or other corrosive materials are present.

The product has an indefinite shelf life when stored properly.

Storage period : > 10 yr

Storage temperature :  $< 52 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (< 126 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

#### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering controls : Normal ventilation for standard manufacturing procedures is generally

adequate. Local exhaust should be used when large amounts are released. Mechanical ventilation should be used in low or enclosed places. Refrigerant Concentration monitors may be necessary to determine vapor concentrations in work areas prior to use of torches or other open flames, or if employees are

entering enclosed areas.



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Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Under normal manufacturing conditions, no respiratory protection is required

when using this product.

Hand protection : Additional protection: Impervious gloves

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields. Additionally wear a face shield where

the possibility exists for face contact due to splashing, spraying or airborne

contact with this material.

Protective measures : Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is required if a large release

occurs.

Exposure Guidelines
Exposure Limit Values

Trifluoromethane

AEL \* (DUPONT) 1,000 ppm 8 & 12 hr. TWA

### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance

Physical state : gaseous
Form : Liquefied gas
Color : colourless

Odor : slight, ether-like

Odor threshold : No applicable data available.

pH : neutral

Melting point/range : No applicable data available.

Boiling point/boiling range : Boiling point

-82.0 °C (-115.6 °F)

<sup>\*</sup> AEL is DuPont's Acceptable Exposure Limit. Where governmentally imposed occupational exposure limits which are lower than the AEL are in effect, such limits shall take precedence.



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Flash point : Method: ASTM D 56

does not flash

Evaporation rate : No applicable data available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : The product is not flammable.

Upper explosion limit : Method: None per ASTM E681

Lower explosion limit : Method: None per ASTM E681

Vapor pressure : 46,986 hPa at 25 °C (77 °F)

Vapor density : 2.4 at 25°C (77°F) and 1013 hPa (Air=1.0)

Density : 0.380 g/cm3 at 25 °C (77 °F)

(as liquid)

Density : 1.42 g/cm3 at -75 °C (-103 °F)

(as liquid)

Specific gravity (Relative

density)

: No applicable data available.

Water solubility : 1.0 g/l at 25 °C (77 °F) at 1,013 hPa

Solubility(ies) : No applicable data available.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No applicable data available.

Auto-ignition temperature : No applicable data available.

Ignition temperature : no data available

Decomposition temperature : No applicable data available.

Viscosity, kinematic : No applicable data available.

Viscosity : No applicable data available.

% Volatile : 100 %

Oxidising Substance : The product is not oxidizing.



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#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : Decomposes on heating.

Chemical stability : Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid open flames and high temperatures.

Incompatible materials : Alkali metals Alkaline earth metals, Powdered metals, Powdered metal salts

Hazardous decomposition

products

Decomposition products are hazardous., This material can be decomposed by high temperatures (open flames, glowing metal surfaces, etc.) forming hydrofluoric acid and possibly carbonyl fluoride., These materials are toxic

and irritating., Avoid contact with decomposition products

### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Trifluoromethane

Inhalation 4 h LC50 : > 663000 ppm , Rat

Inhalation Low Observed

Adverse Effect

Concentration (LOAEC)

Inhalation No Observed

Adverse Effect Concentration

Repeated dose toxicity

: > 500000 ppm , Dog

Cardiac sensitization

500000 ppm , Dog

Cardiac sensitization

Inhalation

Rat

NOAEL: 28.634 mg/l

No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Mutagenicity : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Evidence suggests this substance does not cause genetic damage in

animals.

Reproductive toxicity : No toxicity to reproduction

Evidence suggests the substance is not a reproductive toxin in

animals.



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Teratogenicity : Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity.

Further information : Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit : > 172414 mg/m3

### Carcinogenicity

The carcinogenicity classifications for this product and/or its ingredients have been determined according to HazCom 2012, Appendix A.6. The classifications may differ from those listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (latest edition) or those found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition).

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, or OSHA, as a carcinogen.

#### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Aquatic Toxicity Trifluoromethane

96 h LC50 : Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) 633.26 mg/l

96 h EC50 : Algae 154.54 mg/l

48 h EC50 : Daphnia magna (Water flea) 323.05 mg/l

**Environmental Fate** 

Trifluoromethane

Biodegradability : Not readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF) : 3.2

Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Additional ecological information : no data available

### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste disposal methods -

Product

: Can be used after re-conditioning. Recover by distillation or remove to a permitted waste disposal facility. Comply with applicable Federal,

State/Provincial and Local Regulations.



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Contaminated packaging : Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier.

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

DOT UN number : 1984

Proper shipping name : Trifluoromethane

Class : 2.2

Labelling No. : 2.2 IATA\_C UN number : 1984

Proper shipping name : Trifluoromethane

Class : 2.2 Labelling No. : 2.2

UN number : 1984

Proper shipping name : TRIFLUOROMETHANE

Class : 2.2 Labelling No. : 2.2

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

TSCA (US) Status : On the inve

SARA 313 Regulated

Chemical(s)

**IMDG** 

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established

by SARA Title III, Section 313.

PA Right to Know Regulated Chemical(s) : Substances on the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List present at a concentration of 1% or more (0.01% for Special Hazardous Substances):

Trifluoromethane

NJ Right to Know Regulated Chemical(s) : Substances on the New Jersey Workplace Hazardous Substance List present

at a concentration of 1% or more (0.1% for substances identified as

carcinogens, mutagens or teratogens): Trifluoromethane

California Prop. 65 : Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or

any other harm: none known

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Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or any other harm: none known

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

<sup>®</sup> DuPont's registered trademark
Before use read DuPont's safety information. For further information contact the local DuPont office or DuPont's nominated distributors.

Revision Date : 03/30/2015

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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